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Steadfastly meditating, solitary,  
His thoughts controlled, his passions laid away,  
Quit of belongings. In a fair, still spot  
Having his fixed abode, – not too much raised,  
Nor yet too low, – let him abide, his goods  
A cloth, a deerskin, and the Kusa-grass.  
There, setting hard his mind upon The One,  
Restraining heart and senses, silent, calm,  
Let him accomplish Yoga, and achieve  
Pureness of soul, holding immovable  
Body and neck and head, his gaze absorbed  
Upon his nose-end, rapt from all around,  
Tranquil in spirit, free of fear, intent  
Upon his Brahmacharya vow, devout,  
Musing on Me, lost in the thought of Me.  
That Yogin, so devoted, so controlled,  
Comes to the peace beyond, – My peace, the peace  
Of high Nirvana!

But for earthly needs  
Religion is not his who too much fasts  
Or too much feasts, nor his who sleeps away  
An idle mind; nor his who wears to waste  
His strength in vigils. Nay, Arjuna! I call  
That the true piety which most removes  
Earth-aches and ills, where one is moderate  
In eating and in resting, and in sport;  
Measured in wish and act; sleeping betimes,  
Waking betimes for duty.

When the man,  
So living, centres on his soul the thought  
Straitly restrained – untouched internally  
By stress of sense – then is he Yukta. See!  
Steadfast a lamp burns sheltered from the wind;  
Such is the likeness of the Yogi's mind  
Shut from sense-storms and burning bright to Heaven.

When mind broods placid, soothed with holy wont;  
When Self contemplates self, and in itself  
Hath comfort; when it knows the nameless joy  
Beyond all scope of sense, revealed to soul-  
Only to soul! and, knowing, wavers not,  
True to the farther Truth; when, holding this,  
It deems no other treasure comparable,  
But, harboured there, cannot be stirred or shook  
By any gravest grief, call that state “peace,”  
That happy severance Yoga; call that man  
The perfect Yogin!

Steadfastly the will  
Must toil thereto, till efforts end in ease,  
And thought has passed from thinking. Shaking off  
All longings bred by dreams of fame and gain,  
Shutting the doorways of the senses close  
With watchful ward; so, step by step, it comes  
To gift of peace assured and heart assuaged,  
When the mind dwells self-wrapped, and the soul broods  
Cumberless. But, as often as the heart  
Breaks – wild and wavering – from control, so oft  
Let him re-curb it, let him rein it back  
To the soul’s governance; for perfect bliss  
Grows only in the bosom tranquillised,  
The spirit passionless, purged from offence,  
Vowed to the Infinite. He who thus vows  
His soul to the Supreme Soul, quitting sin,  
Passes unhindered to the endless bliss  
Of unity with Brahma. He so vowed,  
So blended, sees the Life-Soul resident  
In all things living, and all living things  
In that Life-Soul contained. And whoso thus  
Discerneth Me in all, and all in Me,  
I never let him go; nor looseneth he  
Hold upon Me; but, dwell he where he may,  
Whate’er his life, in Me he dwells and lives,

Because he knows and worships Me, Who dwell  
In all which lives, and cleaves to Me in all.  
Arjuna! if a man sees everywhere-  
Taught by his own similitude – one Life,  
One Essence in the Evil and the Good,  
Hold him a Yogi, yea! well perfected!

*Arjuna:* Slayer of Madhu! yet again, this Yog,  
This Peace, derived from equanimity,  
Made known by thee – I see no fixity  
Therein, no rest, because the heart of men  
Is unfixed, Krishna! rash, tumultuous,  
Wilful and strong. It were all one, I think,  
To hold the wayward wind, as tame man's heart.

*Krishna:* Hero long-armed! beyond denial, hard  
Man's heart is to restrain, and wavering;  
Yet may it grow restrained by habit, Prince!  
By wont of self-command. This Yog, I say,  
Cometh not lightly to th' ungoverned ones;  
But he who will be master of himself  
Shall win it, if he stoutly strive thereto.

*Arjuna:* And what road goeth he who, having faith,  
Fails, Krishna! in the striving; falling back  
From holiness, missing the perfect rule?  
Is he not lost, straying from Brahma's light,  
Like the vain cloud, which floats 'twixt earth and heaven  
When lightning splits it, and it vanisheth?  
Fain would I hear thee answer me herein,  
Since, Krishna! none save thou can clear the doubt.

*Krishna:* He is not lost, thou Son of Pritha! No!  
Nor earth, nor heaven is forfeit, even for him,  
Because no heart that holds one right desire  
Treadeth the road of loss! He who should fail,  
Desiring righteousness, cometh at death  
Unto the Region of the Just; dwells there  
Measureless years, and being born anew,

Beginneth life again in some fair home  
Amid the mild and happy. It may chance  
He doth descend into a Yogin house  
On Virtue's breast; but that is rare! Such birth  
Is hard to be obtained on this earth, Chief!  
So hath he back again what heights of heart  
He did achieve, and so he strives anew  
To perfectness, with better hope, dear Prince!  
For by the old desire he is drawn on  
Unwittingly; and only to desire  
The purity of Yog is to pass  
Beyond the Sabdabrahm, the spoken Ved.  
But, being Yogi, striving strong and long,  
Purged from transgressions, perfected by births  
Following on births, he plants his feet at last  
Upon the farther path. Such as one ranks  
Above ascetics, higher than the wise,  
Beyond achievers of vast deeds! Be thou  
Yogi Arjuna! And of such believe,  
Truest and best is he who worships Me  
With inmost soul, stayed on My Mystery!

## CHAPTER VII

### Of Religion by Discernment

*Krishna:* Learn now, dear Prince! how, if thy soul be set  
Ever on Me – still exercising Yog,  
Still making Me thy Refuge – thou shalt come  
Most surely unto perfect hold of Me.  
I will declare to thee that utmost lore,  
Whole and particular, which, when thou knowest,  
Leaveth no more to know here in this world.

Of many thousand mortals, one, perchance,  
Striveth for Truth; and of those few that strive-  
Nay, and rise high – one only – here and there-  
Knoweth Me, as I am, the very Truth.

Earth, water, flame, air, ether, life, and mind,  
And individuality – those eight  
Make up the showing of Me, Manifest.

These be my lower Nature; learn the higher,  
Whereby, thou Valiant One! this Universe  
Is, by its principle of life, produced;  
Whereby the worlds of visible things are born  
As from a Yoni. Know! I am that womb:  
I make and I unmake this Universe:  
Than me there is no other Master, Prince!  
No other Maker! All these hang on me  
As hangs a row of pearls upon its string.  
I am the fresh taste of the water; I  
The silver of the moon, the gold o' the sun,  
The word of worship in the Veds, the thrill  
That passeth in the ether, and the strength  
Of man's shed seed. I am the good sweet smell  
Of the moistened earth, I am the fire's red light,  
The vital air moving in all which moves,  
The holiness of hallowed souls, the root  
Undying, whence hath sprung whatever is;

The wisdom of the wise, the intellect  
Of the informed, the greatness of the great.  
The splendour of the splendid. Kunti's Son!  
These am I, free from passion and desire;  
Yet am I right desire in all who yearn,  
Chief of the Bharatas! for all those moods,  
Soothfast, or passionate, or ignorant,  
Which Nature frames, deduce from me; but all  
Are merged in me – not I in them! The world-  
Deceived by those three qualities of being-  
Wotteth not Me Who am outside them all,  
Above them all, Eternal! Hard it is  
To pierce that veil divine of various shows  
Which hideth Me; yet they who worship Me  
Pierce it and pass beyond.

I am not known  
To evil-doers, nor to foolish ones,  
Nor to the base and churlish; nor to those  
Whose mind is cheated by the show of things,  
Nor those that take the way of Asuras.

Four sorts of mortals know me: he who weeps,  
Arjuna! and the man who yearns to know;  
And he who toils to help; and he who sits  
Certain of me, enlightened.

Of these four,  
O Prince of India! highest, nearest, best  
That last is, the devout soul, wise, intent  
Upon "The One." Dear, above all, am I  
To him; and he is dearest unto me!  
All four are good, and seek me; but mine own,  
The true of heart, the faithful – stayed on me,  
Taking me as their utmost, blessedness,  
They are not "mine," but I – even I myself!  
At end of many births to Me they come!

Yet hard the wise Mahatma is to find,  
That man who sayeth, "All is Vasudev!"

There be those, too, whose knowledge, turned aside  
By this desire or that, gives them to serve  
Some lower gods, with various rites, constrained  
By that which mouldeth them. Unto all such-  
Worship what shrine they will, what shapes, in faith-  
'Tis I who give them faith! I am content!  
The heart thus asking favour from its God,  
Darkened but ardent, hath the end it craves,  
The lesser blessing – but 'tis I who give!  
Yet soon is withered what small fruit they reap:  
Those men of little minds, who worship so,  
Go where they worship, passing with their gods.  
But Mine come unto me! Blind are the eyes  
Which deem th' Unmanifested manifest,  
Not comprehending Me in my true Self!  
Imperishable, viewless, undeclared,  
Hidden behind my magic veil of shows,  
I am not seen by all; I am not known-  
Unborn and changeless – to the idle world.  
But I, Arjuna! know all things which were,  
And all which are, and all which are to be,  
Albeit not one among them knoweth Me!

By passion for the "pairs of opposites,"  
By those twain snares of Like and Dislike, Prince!  
All creatures live bewildered, save some few  
Who, quit of sins, holy in act, informed,  
Freed from the "opposites," and fixed in faith,  
Cleave unto Me.

Who cleave, who seek in Me  
Refuge from birth and death, those have the Truth!  
Those know Me BRAHMA: know Me Soul of Souls,  
The ADHYATMAN: know KARMA, my work;  
Know I am ADHIBHUTA, Lord of Life,

And ADHIDAIVA, Lord of all the Gods,  
And ADHIYAJNA, Lord of Sacrifice;  
Worship Me well, with hearts of love and faith,  
And find and hold me in the hour of death.

## CHAPTER VIII

### Of Religion by Devotion to the One Supreme God

*Arjuna:* Who is that BRAHMA? What that Soul of Souls,  
The ADHYATMAN? What, Thou Best of All!  
Thy work, the KARMA? Tell me what it is  
Thou namest ADHIBHUTA? What again  
Means ADHIDAIVA? Yea, and how it comes  
Thou canst be ADHIYAJNA in thy flesh?  
Slayer of Madhu! Further, make me know  
How good men find thee in the hour of death?

*Krishna:* I BRAHMA am! the One Eternal GOD,  
And ADHYATMAN is My Being's name,  
The Soul of Souls! What goeth forth from Me,  
Causing all life to live, is KARMA called:  
And, Manifested in divided forms,  
I am the ADHIBHUTA, Lord of Lives;  
And ADHIDAIVA, Lord of all the Gods,  
Because I am PURUSHA, who who begets.  
And ADHIYAJNA, Lord of Sacrifice,  
I – speaking with thee in this body here-  
Am, thou embodied one! (for all the shrines  
Flame unto Me!) And, at the hour of death,  
He that hath meditated Me alone,  
In putting off his flesh, comes forth to Me,  
Enters into My Being – doubt thou not!  
But, if he meditated otherwise  
At hour of death, in putting off the flesh,  
He goes to what he looked for, Kunti's Son!  
Because the Soul is fashioned to its like.

Have Me, then, in thy heart always! and fight!  
Thou too, when heart and mind are fixed on Me,  
Shalt surely come to Me! All come who cleave  
With never-wavering will of firmest faith,  
Owning none other Gods: all come to Me,  
The Uttermost, Purusha, Holiest!

Whoso hath known Me, Lord of sage and singer,  
Ancient of days; of all the Three Worlds Stay,  
Boundless, – but unto every atom Bringer  
Of that which quickens it: whoso, I say,

Hath known My form, which passeth mortal knowing;  
Seen my effulgence – which no eye hath seen-  
Than the sun's burning gold more brightly glowing,  
Dispersing darkness, – unto him hath been

Right life! And, in the hour when life is ending,  
With mind set fast and trustful piety,  
Drawing still breath beneath calm brows unbending,  
In happy peace that faithful one doth die,-

In glad peace passeth to Purusha's heaven.  
The place which they who read the Vedas name  
AKSHARAM, "Ultimate;" whereto have striven  
Saints and ascetics – their road is the same.

That way – the highest way – goes he who shuts  
The gates of all his senses, locks desire  
Safe in his heart, centres the vital airs  
Upon his parting thought, steadfastly set;  
And, murmuring OM, the sacred syllable-  
Emblem of BRAHM – dies, meditating Me.

For who, none other Gods regarding, looks  
Ever to Me, easily am I gained  
By such a Yogi; and, attaining Me,  
They fall not – those Mahatmas – back to birth,  
To life, which is the place of pain, which ends,  
But take the way of utmost blessedness.

The worlds, Arjuna! – even Brahma's world-  
Roll back again from Death to Life's unrest;  
But they, O Kunti's Son! that reach to Me,  
Taste birth no more. If ye know Brahma's Day  
Which is a thousand Yugas; if ye know  
The thousand Yugas making Brahma's Night,

Then know ye Day and Night as He doth know!  
When that vast Dawn doth break, th' Invisible  
Is brought anew into the Visible;  
When that deep Night doth darken, all which is  
Fades back again to Him Who sent it forth;  
Yea! this vast company of living things-  
Again and yet again produced – expires  
At Brahma's Nightfall; and, at Brahma's Dawn,  
Riseth, without its will, to life new-born.  
But – higher, deeper, innermost – abides  
Another Life, not like the life of sense,  
Escaping sight, unchanging. This endures  
When all created things have passed away;  
This is that Life named the Unmanifest,  
The Infinite! the All! the Uttermost.  
Thither arriving none return. That Life  
Is Mine, and I am there! And, Prince! by faith  
Which wanders not, there is a way to come  
Thither. I, the PURUSHA, I Who spread  
The Universe around me – in Whom dwell  
All living Things – may so be reached and seen!

Richer than holy fruit on Vedas growing,  
Greater than gifts, better than prayer or fast,  
Such wisdom is! The Yogi, this way knowing,  
Comes to the Utmost Perfect Peace at last.

## CHAPTER IX

### Of Religion by the Kingly Knowledge and the Kingly Mystery

*Krishna:* Now will I open unto thee – whose heart  
Rejects not – that last lore, deepest-concealed,  
That farthest secret of My Heavens and Earths,  
Which but to know shall set thee free from ills,-  
A royal lore! a Kingly mystery!  
Yea! for the soul such light as purgeth it  
From every sin; a light of holiness  
With inmost splendour shining; plain to see;  
Easy to walk by, inexhaustible!

They that receive not this, failing in faith  
To grasp the greater wisdom, reach not Me,  
Destroyer of thy foes! They sink anew  
Into the realm of Flesh, where all things change!

By Me the whole vast Universe of things  
Is spread abroad; – by Me, the Unmanifest!  
In Me are all existences contained;  
Not I in them!  
Yet they are not contained,  
Those visible things! Receive and strive to embrace  
The mystery majestic! My Being-  
Creating all, sustaining all – still dwells  
Outside of all!

See! as the shoreless airs  
Move in the measureless space, but are not space,  
[And space were space without the moving airs];  
So all things are in Me, but are not I.

At closing of each Kalpa, Indian Prince!  
All things which be back to My Being come:  
At the beginning of each Kalpa, all  
Issue new-born from Me.

By Energy

And help of Prakriti, my outer Self,  
Again, and yet again, I make go forth  
The realms of visible things – without their will-  
All of them – by the power of Prakriti.

Yet these great makings, Prince! involve Me not  
Enchain Me not ! I sit apart from them,  
Other, and Higher, and Free; nowise attached!

Thus doth the stuff of worlds, moulded by Me,  
Bring forth all that which is, moving or still,  
Living or lifeless! Thus the worlds go on!

The minds untaught mistake Me, veiled in form;-  
Naught see they of My secret Presence, nought  
Of My hid Nature, ruling all which lives.  
Vain hopes pursuing, vain deeds doing; fed  
On vainest knowledge, senselessly they seek  
An evil way, the way of brutes and fiends.  
But My Mahatmas, those of noble soul  
Who tread the path celestial, worship Me  
With hearts unwandering, – knowing Me the Source,  
Th' Eternal Source, of Life. Unendingly  
They glorify Me; seek Me; keep their vows  
Of reverence and love, with changeless faith  
Adoring Me. Yea, and those too adore,  
Who, offering sacrifice of wakened hearts,  
Have sense of one pervading Spirit's stress,  
One Force in every place, though manifold!  
I am the Sacrifice! I am the Prayer!  
I am the Funeral-Cake set for the dead!  
I am the healing herb! I am the ghee,  
The Mantra, and the flame, and that which burns!  
I am – of all this boundless Universe-  
The Father, Mother, Ancestor, and Guard!  
The end of Learning! That which purifies  
In lustral water! I am OM! I am

Rig-Veda, Sama-Veda, Yajur-Ved;  
The Way, the Fosterer, the Lord, the Judge,  
The Witness; the Abode, the Refuge-House,  
The Friend, the Fountain and the Sea of Life  
Which sends, and swallows up; Treasure of Worlds  
And Treasure-Chamber! Seed and Seed-Sower,  
Whence endless harvests spring! Sun's heat is mine;  
Heaven's rain is mine to grant or to withhold;  
Death am I, and Immortal Life I am,  
Arjuna! SAT and ASAT, Visible Life,  
And Life Invisible!

Yea! those who learn  
The threefold Veds, who drink the Soma-wine,  
Purge sins, pay sacrifice – from Me they earn  
Passage to Swarga; where the meats divine

Of great gods feed them in high Indra's heaven.  
Yet they, when that prodigious joy is o'er,  
Paradise spent, and wage for merits given,  
Come to the world of death and change once more.

They had their recompense! they stored their treasure,  
Following the threefold Scripture and its writ;  
Who seeketh such gaineth the fleeting pleasure  
Of joy which comes and goes! I grant them it!

But to those blessed ones who worship Me,  
Turning not elsewhere, with minds set fast,  
I bring assurance of full bliss beyond.

Nay, and of hearts which follow other gods  
In simple faith, their prayers arise to me,  
O Kunti's Son! though they pray wrongfully;  
For I am the Receiver and the Lord  
Of every sacrifice, which these know not  
Rightfully; so they fall to earth again!  
Who follow gods go to their gods; who vow  
Their souls to Pitris go to Pitris; minds  
To evil Bhuts given o'er sink to the Bhuts;

And whoso loveth Me cometh to Me.  
Whoso shall offer Me in faith and love  
A leaf, a flower, a fruit, water poured forth,  
That offering I accept, lovingly made  
With pious will. Whate'er thou doest, Prince!  
Eating or sacrificing, giving gifts,  
Praying or fasting, let it all be done  
For Me, as Mine. So shalt thou free thyself  
From Karmabandh, the chain which holdeth men  
To good and evil issue, so shalt come  
Safe unto Me – when thou art quit of flesh-  
By faith and abdication joined to Me!

I am alike for all! I know not hate,  
I know not favour! What is made is Mine!  
But them that worship Me with love, I love;  
They are in Me, and I in them!

Nay, Prince!  
If one of evil life turn in his thought  
Straightly to Me, count him amidst the good;  
He hath the high way chosen; he shall grow  
Righteous ere long; he shall attain that peace  
Which changes not. Thou Prince of India!  
Be certain none can perish, trusting Me!  
O Pritha's Son! whoso will turn to Me,  
Though they be born from the very womb of Sin,  
Woman or man; sprung of the Vaisya caste  
Or lowly disregarded Sudra, – all  
Plant foot upon the highest path; how then  
The holy Brahmans and My Royal Saints?  
Ah! ye who into this ill world are come-  
Fleeting and false – set your faith fast on Me!  
Fix heart and thought on Me! Adore Me! Bring  
Offerings to Me! Make Me prostrations! Make  
Me your supremest joy! and, undivided,  
Unto My rest your spirits shall be guided.

## CHAPTER X

### Of Religion by the Heavenly Perfections

*Krishna:* Hear farther yet, thou Long-Armed Lord! these latest words I say-  
Uttered to bring thee bliss and peace, who lovest Me alway-  
Not the great company of gods nor kingly Rishis know  
My Nature, Who have made the gods and Rishis long ago;  
He only knoweth – only he is free of sin, and wise,  
Who seeth Me, Lord of the Worlds, with faith-enlightened eyes,  
Unborn, undying, unbegun. Whatever Natures be  
To mortal men distributed, those natures spring from Me!  
Intellect, skill, enlightenment, endurance, self-control,  
Truthfulness, equability, and grief or joy of soul,  
And birth and death, and fearfulness, and fearlessness, and shame,  
And honour, and sweet harmlessness, and peace which is the same  
Whate'er befalls, and mirth, and tears, and piety and thrift,  
And wish to give, and will to help, – all cometh of My gift!  
The Seven Chief Saints, the Elders Four, the Lordly Manus set-  
Sharing My work – to rule the worlds, these too did I beget;  
And Rishis, Pitris, Manus, all, by one thought of My mind;  
Thence did arise, to fill this world, the races of mankind;  
Wherefrom who comprehends My Reign of mystic Majesty-  
That truth of truths – is thenceforth linked in faultless faith to  
Me:  
Yea! knowing Me the source of all, by Me all creatures wrought,  
The wise in spirit cleave to Me, into My Being brought;  
Hearts fixed on Me; breaths breathed to Me; praising Me, each to  
each,  
So have they happiness and peace, with pious thought and speech;  
And unto these – thus serving well, thus loving ceaselessly-  
I give a mind of perfect mood, whereby they draw to Me;  
And, all for love of them, within their darkened souls I dwell,  
And, with bright rays of wisdom's lamp, their ignorance dispel.

*Arjuna:* Yes! Thou art Parabrahm! The High Abode!  
The Great Purification! Thou art God

Eternal, All-creating, Holy, First,  
 Without beginning! Lord of Lords and Gods!  
 Declared by all the Saints – by Narada,  
 Vyasa Asita, and Devalas;  
 And here Thyself declaring unto me!  
 What Thou hast said now know I to be truth,  
 O Kesava! that neither gods nor men  
 Nor demons comprehend Thy mystery  
 Made manifest, Divinest! Thou Thyself  
 Thyself alone dost know, Maker Supreme!  
 Master of all the living! Lord of Gods!  
 King of the Universe! To Thee alone  
 Belongs to tell the heavenly excellence  
 Of those perfections wherewith Thou dost fill  
 These worlds of Thine; Pervading, Immanent!  
 How shall I learn, Supremest Mystery!  
 To know Thee, though I muse continually?  
 Under what form of Thine unnumbered forms  
 Mayst Thou be grasped? Ah! yet again recount,  
 Clear and complete, Thy great appearances,  
 The secrets of Thy Majesty and Might,  
 Thou High Delight of Men! Never enough  
 Can mine ears drink the Amrit of such words!

***Krishna:*** Hanta! So be it! Kuru Prince! I will to thee unfold  
 Some portions of My Majesty, whose powers are manifold!  
 I am the Spirit seated deep in every creature's heart;  
 From Me they come; by Me they live; at My word they depart!  
 Vishnu of the Adityas I am, those Lords of Light;  
 Maritchi of the Maruts, the Kings of Storm and Blight;  
 By day I gleam, the golden Sun of burning cloudless Noon;  
 By Night, amid the asterisms I glide, the dappled Moon!  
 Of Vedas I am Sama-Ved, of gods in Indra's Heaven  
 Vasava; of the faculties to living beings given  
 The mind which apprehends and thinks; of Rudras Sankara;  
 Of Yakshas and of Rakshasas, Vittesh; and Pavaka  
 Of Vasus, and of mountain-peaks Meru; Vrihaspati

Know Me 'mid planetary Powers; 'mid Warriors heavenly  
 Skanda; of all the water-floods the Sea which drinketh each,  
 And Bhrigu of the holy Saints, and OM of sacred speech;  
 Of prayers the prayer ye whisper; of hills Himila's snow,  
 And Aswattha, the fig-tree, of all the trees that grow;  
 Of the Devarshis, Narada; and Chitrarath of them  
 That sing in Heaven, and Kapila of Munis, and the gem  
 Of flying steeds, Uchchaisravas, from Amritwave which burst;  
 Of elephants Airavata; of males the Best and First;  
 Of weapons Heav'n's hot thunderbolt; of cows white Kamadhuk,  
 From whose great milky udder-teats all hearts' desires are strook;  
 Vasuki of the serpent-tribes, round Mandara entwined;  
 And thousand-fanged Ananta, on whose broad coils reclined  
 Leans Vishnu; and of water-things Varuna; Aryam  
 Of Pitris, and, of those that judge, Yama the Judge I am;  
 Of Daityas dread Prahlada; of what metes days and years,  
 Time's self I am; of woodland-beasts – buffaloes, deers, and bears-  
 The lordly-painted tiger; of birds the vast Garud,  
 The whirlwind 'mid the winds; 'mid chiefs Rama with blood imbrued,  
 Makar 'mid fishes of the sea, and Ganges 'mid the streams;  
 Yea! First, and Last, and Centre of all which is or seems  
 I am, Arjuna! Wisdom Supreme of what is wise,  
 Words on the uttering lips I am, and eyesight of the eyes.  
 And "A" of written characters, Dwandwa of knitted speech,  
 And Endless Life, and boundless Love, whose power  
 sustaineth each;  
 And bitter Death which seizes all, and joyous sudden Birth,  
 Which brings to light all beings that are to be on earth;  
 And of the viewless virtues, Fame, Fortune, Song am I,  
 And Memory, and Patience; and Craft, and Constancy:  
 Of Vedic hymns the Vrihatsam, of metres Gayatri,  
 Of months the Margasirsha, of all the seasons three  
 The flower-wreathed Spring; in dicer's-play the conquering  
 Double-Eight;  
 The splendour of the splendid, and the greatness of the great,  
 Victory I am, and Action! and the goodness of the good,  
 And Vasudev of Vrishni's race, and of this Pandu brood

Thyself! – Yea, my Arjuna! thyself; for thou art Mine!  
Of poets Usana, of saints Vyasa, sage divine;  
The policy of conquerors, the potency of kings,  
The great unbroken silence in learning's secret things;  
The lore of all the learned, the seed of all which springs.  
Living or lifeless, still or stirred, whatever beings be,  
None of them is in all the worlds, but it exists by Me!  
Nor tongue can tell, Arjuna! nor end of telling come  
Of these My boundless glories, whereof I teach thee some;  
For wheresoe'er is wondrous work, and majesty, and might,  
From Me hath all proceeded. Receive thou this aright!  
Yet how shouldst thou receive, O Prince! the vastness of this word?  
I, who am all, and made it all, abide its separate Lord!

## CHAPTER XI

### Of the Manifesting of the One and Manifold

*Arjuna:* This, for my soul's peace, have I heard from Thee,  
The unfolding of the Mystery Supreme  
Named Adhyatman; comprehending which,  
My darkness is dispelled; for now I know-  
O Lotus-eyed! – whence is the birth of men,  
And whence their death, and what the majesties  
Of Thine immortal rule. Fain would I see,  
As thou Thyself declar'st it, Sovereign Lord!  
The likeness of that glory of Thy Form  
Wholly revealed. O Thou Divinest One!  
If this can be, if I may bear the sight,  
Make Thyself visible, Lord of all prayers!  
Show me Thy very self, the Eternal God!

*Krishna:* Gaze, then, thou Son of Pritha! I manifest for thee  
Those hundred thousand thousand shapes that clothe my Mystery:  
I show thee all my semblances, infinite, rich, divine,  
My changeful hues, my countless forms. See! in this face of mine,  
Adityas, Vasus, Rudras, Aswins, and Maruts; see  
Wonders unnumbered, Indian Prince! revealed to none save thee.  
Behold! this is the Universe! – Look! what is live and dead  
I gather all in one – in Me! Gaze, as thy lips have said  
On GOD, ETERNAL, VERY GOD! See ME! what thou prayest!  
Thou canst not! – nor, with human eyes, Arjuna! ever mayest!  
Therefore I give thee sense divine. Have other eyes, new light!  
And, look! This is My glory, unveiled to mortal sight!

*Sanjaya:* Then, O King! to God, so saying,  
Stood, to Pritha's Son displaying  
All the splendour, wonder, dread  
Of His vast Almighty-head.  
Out of countless eyes beholding,  
Out of countless mouths commanding,  
Countless mystic forms enfolding

In one Form: supremely standing  
Countless radiant glories wearing,  
Countless heavenly weapons bearing,  
Crowned with garlands of star-clusters,  
Robed in garb of woven lustres,  
Breathing from His perfect Presence  
Breaths of every subtle essence  
Of all heavenly odours; shedding  
Blinding brilliance; overspreading-  
Boundless, beautiful – all spaces  
With His all-regarding faces;  
So He showed! If there should rise  
Suddenly within the skies  
Sunburst of a thousand suns  
Flooding earth with beams undeemed-of,  
Then might be that Holy One's  
Majesty and radiance dreamed of!

So did Pandu's Son behold  
All this universe enfold  
All its huge diversity  
Into one vast shape, and be  
Visible, and viewed, and blended  
In one Body – subtle, splendid,  
Nameless – th' All-comprehending  
God of Gods, the Never-Ending  
Deity!

But, sore amazed,  
Thrilled, o'erfilled, dazzled, and dazed,  
Arjuna knelt; and bowed his head,  
And clasped his palms; and cried, and said:

*Arjuna:* Yea! I have seen! I see!  
Lord! all is wrapped in Thee!  
The gods are in Thy glorious frame! the creatures  
Of earth, and heaven, and hell

In Thy Divine form dwell,  
 And in Thy countenance shine all the features  
 Of Brahma, sitting lone  
 Upon His lotus-throne;  
 Of saints and sages, and the serpent races  
 Ananta, Vasuki;  
 Yea! mightiest Lord! I see  
 Thy thousand thousand arms and breasts, and faces,  
  
 And eyes, – on every side  
 Perfect, diversified;  
 And nowhere end of Thee, nowhere beginning,  
 Nowhere a centre! Shifts-  
 Wherever soul's gaze lifts-  
 Thy central Self, all-wielding, and all-winning!  
  
 Infinite King! I see  
 The anadem on Thee,  
 The club, the shell, the discus; see Thee burning  
 In beams insufferable,  
 Lighting earth, heaven, and hell  
 With brilliance blazing, glowing, flashing; turning  
  
 Darkness to dazzling day,  
 Look I whichever way;  
 Ah, Lord! I worship Thee, the Undivided,  
 The Uttermost of thought,  
 The Treasure-Palace wrought  
 To hold the wealth of the worlds; the Shield provided  
  
 To shelter Virtue's laws;  
 The Fount whence Life's stream draws  
 All waters of all rivers of all being:  
 The One Unborn, Unending:  
 Unchanging and Unblending!  
 With might and majesty, past thought, past seeing!  
  
 Silver of moon and gold  
 Of sun are glories rolled

From Thy great eyes; Thy visage, beaming tender  
Throughout the stars and skies,  
Doth to warm life surprise  
Thy Universe. The worlds are filled with wonder

Of Thy perfections! Space  
Star-sprinkled, and void place  
From pole to pole of the Blue, from bound to bound,  
Hath Thee in every spot,  
Thee, Thee! – Where Thou art not,  
O Holy, Marvellous Form! is nowhere found!

O Mystic, Awful One!  
At sight of Thee, made known,  
The Three Worlds quake; the lower gods draw nigh Thee;  
They fold their palms, and bow  
Body, and breast, and brow,  
And, whispering worship, laud and magnify Thee!

Rishis and Siddhas cry  
“Hail! Highest Majesty!  
From sage and singer breaks the hymn of glory  
In dulcet harmony,  
Sounding the praise of Thee;  
While countless companies take up the story,

Rudras, who ride the storms,  
Th’ Adityas’ shining forms,  
Vasus and Sadhyas, Viswas, Ushmapas;  
Maruts, and those great Twins  
The heavenly, fair, Aswins,  
Gandharvas, Rakshasas, Siddhas, and Asuras,-

These see Thee, and revere  
In sudden-stricken fear;  
Yea! the Worlds, – seeing Thee with form stupendous,  
With faces manifold,  
With eyes which all behold,  
Unnumbered eyes, vast arms, members tremendous,

Flanks, lit with sun and star,  
Feet planted near and far,  
Tushes of terror, mouths wrathful and tender;-  
The Three wide Worlds before Thee  
Adore, as I adore Thee,  
Quake, as I quake, to witness so much splendour!

I mark Thee strike the skies  
With front, in wondrous wise  
Huge, rainbow-painted, glittering; and thy mouth  
Opened, and orbs which see  
All things, whatever be  
In all Thy worlds, east, west, and north and south.

O Eyes of God! O Head!  
My strength of soul is fled,  
Gone is heart's force, rebuked is mind's desire!  
When I behold Thee so,  
With awful brows a-glow,  
With burning glance, and lips lighted by fire

Fierce as those flames which shall  
Consume, at close of all,  
Earth, Heaven! Ah me! I see no Earth and Heaven!  
Thee, Lord of Lords! I see,  
Thee only – only Thee!  
Now let Thy mercy unto me be given,

Thou Refuge of the World!  
Lo! to the cavern hurled  
Of Thy wide-opened throat, and lips white-tushed,  
I see our noblest ones,  
Great Dhritarashtra's sons,  
Bhishma, Drona, and Karna, caught and crushed!

The Kings and Chiefs drawn in,  
That gaping gorge within;  
The best of both these armies torn and riven!  
Between Thy jaws they lie

Mangled full bloodily,  
Ground into dust and death! Like streams down-driven

With helpless haste, which go  
In headlong furious flow  
Straight to the gulping deeps of th' unfilled ocean,  
So to that flaming cave  
Those heroes great and brave  
Pour, in unending streams, with helpless motion!

Like moths which in the night  
Flutter towards a light,  
Drawn to their fiery doom, flying and dying,  
So to their death still throng,  
Blind, dazzled, borne along  
Ceaselessly, all those multitudes, wild flying!

Thou, that hast fashioned men,  
Devourest them again,  
One with another, great and small, alike!  
The creatures whom Thou mak'st,  
With flaming jaws Thou tak'st,  
Lapping them up! Lord God! Thy terrors strike

From end to end of earth,  
Filling life full, from birth  
To death, with deadly, burning, lurid dread!  
Ah, Vishnu! make me know  
Why is Thy visage so?  
Who art Thou, feasting thus upon Thy dead?

Who? awful Deity!  
I bow myself to Thee,  
Namostu Te, Devavara! Prasad!  
O Mightiest Lord! rehearse  
Why hast Thou face so fierce?  
Whence doth this aspect horrible proceed?

*Krishna:* Thou seest Me as Time who kills,  
Time who brings all to doom,

The Slayer Time, Ancient of Days, come hither to consume;  
Excepting thee, of all these hosts of hostile chiefs arrayed,  
There stands not one shall leave alive the battlefield! Dismayed  
No longer be! Arise! obtain renown! destroy thy foes!  
Fight for the kingdom waiting thee when thou hast vanquished those.  
By Me they fall – not thee! the stroke of death is dealt them now,  
Even as they show thus gallantly; My instrument art thou!  
Strike, strong-armed Prince, at Drona! at Bhishma strike! deal  
death  
On Karna, Jyadratha; stay all their warlike breath!  
'Tis I who bid them perish! Thou wilt but slay the slain;  
Fight! they must fall, and thou must live, victor upon this plain!

*Sanjaya:* Hearing mighty Keshav's word,  
Trembling that helmed Lord  
Clasped his lifted palms, and – praying  
Grace of Krishna – stood there, saying,  
With bowed brow and accents broken,  
These words, timorously spoken:

*Arjuna:* Worthily, Lord of Might!  
The whole world hath delight  
In Thy surpassing power, obeying Thee;  
The Rakshasas, in dread  
At sight of Thee, are sped  
To all four quarters; and the company  
Of Siddhas sound Thy name.  
How should they not proclaim  
Thy Majesties, Divinest, Mightiest?  
Thou Brahm, than Brahma greater!  
Thou Infinite Creator!  
Thou God of gods, Life's Dwelling-place and Rest.  
Thou, of all souls the Soul!  
The Comprehending Whole!  
Of being formed, and formless being the Framer;  
O Utmost One! O Lord!

Older than eld, Who stored  
 The worlds with wealth of life! O Treasure-Claimer,  
 Who wottest all, and art  
 Wisdom Thyself! O Part  
 In all, and All; for all from Thee have risen  
 Numberless now I see  
 The aspects are of Thee!  
 Vayu Thou art, and He who keeps the prison  
 Of Narak, Yama dark;  
 And Agni's shining spark;  
 Varuna's waves are Thy waves. Moon and starlight  
 Are Thine! Prajapati  
 Art Thou, and 'tis to Thee  
 They knelt in worshipping the old world's far light,  
 The first of mortal men.  
 Again, Thou God! again  
 A thousand thousand times be magnified!  
 Honour and worship be-  
 Glory and praise, – to Thee  
 Namō, Namaste, cried on every side;  
 Cried here, above, below,  
 Uttered when Thou dost go,  
 Uttered where Thou dost come! Namō! we call;  
 Namostu! God adored!  
 Namostu! Nameless Lord  
 Hail to Thee! Praise to Thee Thou One in all;  
 For Thou art All! Yea, Thou!  
 Ah! if in anger now  
 Thou shouldst remember I did think Thee Friend,  
 Speaking with easy speech,  
 As men use each to each;  
 Did call Thee "Krishna," "Prince," nor comprehend  
 Thy hidden majesty,  
 The might, the awe of Thee;

Did, in my heedlessness, or in my love,  
On journey, or in jest,  
Or when we lay at rest,  
Sitting at council, straying in the grove,

Alone, or in the throng,  
Do Thee, most Holy! wrong,  
Be Thy grace granted for that witless sin  
For Thou art, now I know,  
Father of all below,  
Of all above, of all the worlds within

Guru of Gurus; more  
To reverence and adore  
Than all which is adorable and high!  
How, in the wide worlds three  
Should any equal be?  
Should any other share Thy Majesty?

Therefore, with body bent  
And reverent intent,  
I praise, and serve, and seek Thee, asking grace.  
As father to a son,  
As friend to friend, as one  
Who loveth to his lover, turn Thy face

In gentleness on me!  
Good is it I did see  
This unknown marvel of Thy Form! But fear  
Mingles with joy! Retake,  
Dear Lord! for pity's sake  
Thine earthly shape, which earthly eyes may bear!

Be merciful, and show  
The visage that I know;  
Let me regard Thee, as of yore, arrayed  
With disc and forehead-gem,  
With mace and anadem,  
Thou that sustainest all things! Undismayed

Let me once more behold  
The form I loved of old,  
Thou of the thousand arms and countless eyes!  
This frightened heart is fain  
To see restored again  
My Charioteer, in Krishna's kind disguise.

**Krishna:** Yea! thou hast seen, Arjuna! because I loved thee well,  
The secret countenance of Me, revealed by mystic spell,  
Shining, and wonderful, and majestic, manifold,  
Which none save thou in all the years had favour to behold;  
For not by Vedas cometh this, nor sacrifice, nor alms,  
Nor works well-done, nor penance long, nor prayers, nor chanted  
psalms,  
That mortal eyes should bear to view the Immortal Soul unclad,  
Prince of the Kurus! This was kept for thee alone! Be glad!  
Let no more trouble shake thy heart, because thine eyes have seen  
My terror with My glory. As I before have been  
So will I be again for thee; with lightened heart behold!  
Once more I am thy Krishna, the form thou knew'st of old!

**Sanjaya:** These words to Arjuna spake  
Vasudev, and straight did take  
Back again the semblance dear  
Of the well-loved charioteer;  
Peace and joy it did restore  
When the Prince beheld once more  
Mighty BRAHMA'S form and face  
Clothed in Krishna's gentle grace.

**Arjuna:** Now that I see come back, Janardana!  
This friendly human frame, my mind can think  
Calm thoughts once more; my heart beats still again!

**Krishna:** Yea! it was wonderful and terrible  
To view me as thou didst, dear Prince! The gods  
Dread and desire continually to view!  
Yet not by Vedas, nor from sacrifice,  
Nor penance, nor gift-giving, nor with prayer

Shall any so behold, as thou hast seen!  
Only by fullest service, perfect faith,  
And uttermost surrender am I known  
And seen, and entered into, Indian Prince!  
Who doeth all for Me; who findeth Me  
In all; adareth always; loveth all  
Which I have made, and Me, for Love's sole end,  
That man, Arjuna! unto Me doth wend.

## CHAPTER XII Of the Religion of Faith

*Arjuna:* Lord! of the men who serve Thee – true in heart –  
As God revealed; and of the men who serve,  
Worshipping Thee Unrevealed, Unbodied, Far,  
Which take the better way of faith and life?

*Krishna:* Whoever serve Me – as I show Myself –  
Constantly true, in full devotion fixed,  
Those hold I very holy. But who serve-  
Worshipping Me The One, The Invisible,  
The Unrevealed, Unnamed, Unthinkable,  
Uttermost, All-pervading, Highest, Sure-  
Who thus adore Me, mastering their sense,  
Of one set mind to all, glad in all good,  
These blessed souls come unto Me.

Yet, hard

The travail is for such as bend their minds  
To reach th' Unmanifest. That viewless path  
Shall scarce be trod by man bearing the flesh!  
But whereso any doeth all his deeds  
Renouncing self for Me, full of Me, fixed  
To serve only the Highest, night and day  
Musing on Me – him will I swiftly lift  
Forth from life's ocean of distress and death,  
Whose soul clings fast to Me. Cling thou to Me!  
Clasp Me with heart and mind! so shalt thou dwell  
Surely with Me on high. But if thy thought  
Droops from such height; if thou be'st weak to set  
Body and soul upon Me constantly,  
Despair not! give Me lower service! I seek  
To reach Me, worshipping with steadfast will;  
And, if thou canst not worship steadfastly,  
Work for Me, toil in works pleasing to Me!  
For he that laboureth right for love of Me  
Shall finally attain! But, if in this

Thy faint heart fails, bring Me thy failure! find  
Refuge in Me! let fruits of labour go,  
Renouncing hope for Me, with lowliest heart,  
So shalt thou come; for, though to know is more  
Than diligence, yet worship better is  
Than knowing, and renouncing better still.  
Near to renunciation – very near-  
Dwelleth Eternal Peace!

Who hateth nought  
Of all which lives, living himself benign,  
Compassionate, from arrogance exempt,  
Exempt from love of self, unchangeable  
By good or ill; patient, contented, firm  
In faith, mastering himself, true to his word,  
Seeking Me, heart and soul; vowed unto Me,-  
That man I love! Who troubleth not his kind,  
And is not troubled by them; clear of wrath,  
Living too high for gladness, grief, or fear,  
That man I love! Who, dwelling quiet-eyed,  
Stainless, serene, well-balanced, unperplexed,  
Working with Me, yet from all works detached,  
That man I love! Who, fixed in faith on Me,  
Dotes upon none, scorns none; rejoices not,  
And grieves not, letting good or evil hap  
Light when it will, and when it will depart,  
That man I love! Who, unto friend and foe  
Keeping an equal heart, with equal mind  
Bears shame and glory; with an equal peace  
Takes heat and cold, pleasure and pain; abides  
Quit of desires, hears praise or calumny  
In passionless restraint, unmoved by each;  
Linked by no ties to earth, steadfast in Me,  
That man I love! But most of all I love  
Those happy ones to whom 'tis life to live  
In single fervid faith and love unseeing,  
Drinking the blessed Amrit of my Being!

## CHAPTER XIII

### Of Religion by Separation of Matter and Spirit

*Arjuna:* Now would I hear, O gracious Kesava!  
Of Life which seems, and Soul beyond, which sees,  
And what it is we know – or think to know.

*Krishna:* Yea! Son of Kunti! for this flesh ye see  
Is Kshetra, is the field where Life disports;  
And that which views and knows it is the Soul,  
Kshetrajna. In all “fields,” thou Indian prince!  
I am Kshetrajna. I am what surveys!  
Only that knowledge knows which knows the known  
By the knower! What it is, that “field” of life,  
What qualities it hath, and whence it is,  
And why it changeth, and the faculty  
That wotteth it, the mightiness of this,  
And how it wotteth – hear these things from Me!

The elements, the conscious life, the mind,  
The unseen vital force, the nine strange gates  
Of the body, and the five domains of sense;  
Desire, dislike, pleasure and pain, and thought  
Deep-woven, and persistency of being;  
These all are wrought on Matter by the Soul!

Humbleness, truthfulness, and harmlessness,  
Patience and honour, reverence for the wise.  
Purity, constancy, control of self,  
Contempt of sense-delights, self-sacrifice,  
Perception of the certitude of ill  
In birth, death, age, disease, suffering, and sin;  
Detachment, lightly holding unto home,  
Children, and wife, and all that bindeth men;  
An ever-tranquil heart in fortunes good  
And fortunes evil, with a will set firm  
To worship Me – Me only! ceasing not;  
Loving all solitudes, and shunning noise  
Of foolish crowds; endeavours resolute

To reach perception of the Utmost Soul,  
And grace to understand what gain it were  
So to attain, – this is true Wisdom, Prince!  
And what is otherwise is ignorance!

Now will I speak of knowledge best to know-  
That Truth which giveth man Amrit to drink,  
The Truth of HIM, the Para-Brahm, the All,  
The Uncreated; not Asat, nor Sat,  
Not Form, nor the Unformed; yet both, and more;-  
Whose hands are everywhere, and everywhere  
Planted His feet, and everywhere His eyes  
Beholding, and His ears in every place  
Hearing, and all His faces everywhere  
Enlightening and encompassing His worlds.  
Glorified in the senses He hath given,  
Yet beyond sense He is; sustaining all,  
Yet dwells He unattached: of forms and modes  
Master, yet neither form nor mode hath He;  
He is within all beings – and without-  
Motionless, yet still moving; not discerned  
For subtlety of instant presence; close  
To all, to each; yet measurelessly far!  
Not manifold, and yet subsisting still  
In all which lives; for ever to be known  
As the Sustainer, yet, at the End of Times,  
He maketh all to end – and re-creates.  
The Light of Lights He is, in the heart of the Dark  
Shining eternally. Wisdom He is  
And Wisdom's way, and Guide of all the wise,  
Planted in every heart.

So have I told  
Of Life's stuff, and the moulding, and the lore  
To comprehend. Whoso, adoring Me,  
Perceiveth this, shall surely come to Me!

Know thou that Nature and the Spirit both  
Have no beginning! Know that qualities  
And changes of them are by Nature wrought;  
That Nature puts to work the acting frame,  
But Spirit doth inform it, and so cause  
Feeling of pain and pleasure. Spirit, linked  
To moulded matter, entereth into bond  
With qualities by Nature framed, and, thus  
Married to matter, breeds the birth again  
In good or evil yonis.

Yet is this-

Yea! in its bodily prison! – Spirit pure,  
Spirit supreme; surveying, governing,  
Guarding, possessing; Lord and Master still  
PURUSHA, Ultimate, One Soul with Me.

Whoso thus knows himself, and knows his soul  
PURUSHA, working through the qualities  
With Nature's modes, the light hath come for him!  
Whatever flesh he bears, never again  
Shall he take on its load. Some few there be  
By meditation find the Soul in Self  
Self-schooled; and some by long philosophy  
And holy life reach thither; some by works:  
Some, never so attaining, hear of light  
From other lips, and seize, and cleave to it  
Worshipping; yea! and those – to teaching true-  
Overpass Death!

Wherever, Indian Prince!

Life is – of moving things, or things unmoved,  
Plant or still seed – know, what is there hath grown  
By bond of Matter and of Spirit: Know  
He sees indeed who sees in all alike  
The living, lordly Soul; the Soul Supreme,  
Imperishable amid the Perishing:  
For, whoso thus beholds, in every place,  
In every form, the same, one, Living Life,

Doth no more wrongfulness unto himself,  
But goes the highest road which brings to bliss.  
Seeing, he sees, indeed, who sees that works  
Are Nature's wont, for Soul to practise by  
Acting, yet not the agent; sees the mass  
Of separate living things – each of its kind-  
Issue from One, and blend again to One:  
Then hath he BRAHMA, he attains!  
O Prince!  
That Ultimate, High Spirit, Uncreate,  
Unqualified, even when it entereth flesh  
Taketh no stain of acts, worketh in nought!  
Like to th' ethereal air, pervading all,  
Which, for sheer subtlety, avoideth taint,  
The subtle Soul sits everywhere, unstained:  
Like to the light of the all-piercing sun  
[Which is not changed by aught it shines upon,]  
The Soul's light shineth pure in every place;  
And they who, by such eye of wisdom, see  
How Matter, and what deals with it, divide;  
And how the Spirit and the flesh have strife,  
Those wise ones go the way which leads to Life!

## CHAPTER XIV

### Of Religion by Separation from the Qualities

*Krishna:* Yet farther will I open unto thee  
This wisdom of all wisdoms, uttermost,  
The which possessing, all My saints have passed  
To perfectness. On such high verities  
Reliant, rising into fellowship  
With Me, they are not born again at birth  
Of Kalpas, nor at Pralyas suffer change!

This Universe the womb is where I plant  
Seed of all lives! Thence, Prince of India, comes  
Birth to all beings! Whoso, Kunti's Son!  
Mothers each mortal form, Brahma conceives,  
And I am He that fathers, sending seed!

Sattwan, Raias, and Tamas, so are named  
The qualities of Nature, "Soothfastness,"  
"Passion," and "Ignorance." These three bind down  
The changeless Spirit in the changeful flesh.  
Whereof sweet "Soothfastness," by purity  
Living unsullied and enlightened, binds  
The sinless Soul to happiness and truth;  
And Passion, being kin to appetite,  
And breeding impulse and propensity,  
Binds the embodied Soul, O Kunti's Son!  
By tie of works. But Ignorance, begot  
Of Darkness, blinding mortal men, binds down  
Their souls to stupor, sloth, and drowsiness.  
Yea, Prince of India! Soothfastness binds souls  
In pleasant wise to flesh; and Passion binds  
By toilsome strain; but Ignorance, which blots  
The beams of wisdom, binds the soul to sloth.  
Passion and Ignorance, once overcome,  
Leave Soothfastness, O Bharata! Where this  
With Ignorance are absent, Passion rules;  
And Ignorance in hearts not good nor quick.

When at all gateways of the Body shines  
The Lamp of Knowledge, then may one see well  
Soothfastness settled in that city reigns;  
Where longing is, and ardour, and unrest,  
Impulse to strive and gain, and avarice,  
Those spring from Passion – Prince! – engrained; and where  
Darkness and dulness, sloth and stupor are,  
'Tis Ignorance hath caused them, Kuru Chief!

Moreover, when a soul departeth, fixed  
In Soothfastness, it goeth to the place-  
Perfect and pure – of those that know all Truth.  
If it departeth in set habitude  
Of Impulse, it shall pass into the world  
Of spirits tied to works; and, if it dies  
In hardened Ignorance, that blinded soul  
Is born anew in some unlighted womb.

The fruit of Soothfastness is true and sweet;  
The fruit of lusts is pain and toil; the fruit  
Of Ignorance is deeper darkness. Yea!  
For Light brings light, and Passion ache to have;  
And gloom, bewilderments, and ignorance  
Grow forth from Ignorance. Those of the first  
Rise ever higher; those of the second mode  
Take a mid place; the darkened souls sink back  
To lower deeps, loaded with witlessness!

When, watching life, the living man perceives  
The only actors are the Qualities,  
And knows what rules beyond the Qualities,  
Then is he come nigh unto Me!  
The Soul,  
Thus passing forth from the Three Qualities-  
Whereby arise all bodies – overcomes  
Birth, Death, Sorrow, and Age; and drinketh deep  
The undying wine of Amrit.

*Arjuna:* Oh, my Lord!

Which be the signs to know him that hath gone  
Past the Three Modes? How liveth he? What way  
Leadeth him safe beyond the threefold Modes?

*Krishna:* He who with equanimity surveys  
Lustre of goodness, strife of passion, sloth  
Of ignorance, not angry if they are,  
Not wishful when they are not: he who sits  
A sojourner and stranger in their midst  
Unruffled, standing off, saying – serene-  
When troubles break, “These be the Qualities!  
He unto whom – self-centred – grief and joy  
Sound as one word; to whose deep-seeing eyes  
The clod, the marble, and the gold are one;  
Whose equal heart holds the same gentleness  
For lovely and unlovely things, firm-set,  
Well-pleased in praise and dispraise; satisfied  
With honour or dishonour; unto friends  
And unto foes alike in tolerance;  
Detached from undertakings, – he is named  
Surmounter of the Qualities!

And such-  
With single, fervent faith adoring Me,  
Passing beyond the Qualities, conforms  
To Brahma, and attains Me!

For I am  
That whereof Brahma is the likeness! Mine  
The Amrit is; and Immortality  
Is mine; and mine perfect Felicity!

## CHAPTER XV

### Of Religion by Attaining the Supreme

*Krishna:* Men call the Aswattha, – the Banyan-tree,-  
Which hath its boughs beneath, its roots above,-  
The ever-holy tree. Yea! for its leaves  
Are green and waving hymns which whisper Truth!  
Who knows the Aswattha, knows Veds, and all.

Its branches shoot to heaven and sink to earth,  
Even as the deeds of men, which take their birth  
From qualities: its silver sprays and blooms,  
And all the eager verdure of its girth,  
Leap to quick life at kiss of sun and air,  
As men's lives quicken to the temptings fair  
Of wooing sense: its hanging rootlets seek  
The soil beneath, helping to hold it there,

As actions wrought amid this world of men  
Bind them by ever-tightening bonds again.  
If ye knew well the teaching of the Tree,  
What its shape saith; and whence it springs; and, then

How it must end, and all the ills of it,  
The axe of sharp Detachment ye would whet,  
And cleave the clinging snaky roots, and lay  
This Aswattha of sense-life low, – to set

New growths upspringing to that happier sky,-  
Which they who reach shall have no day to die,  
Nor fade away, nor fall – to Him, I mean,  
FATHER and FIRST, Who made the mystery

Of old Creation; for to Him come they  
From passion and from dreams who break away;  
Who part the bonds constraining them to flesh,  
And, – Him, the Highest, worshipping alway-

No longer grow at mercy of what breeze  
Of summer pleasure stirs the sleeping trees,

What blast of tempest tears them, bough and stem:  
To the eternal world pass such as these!

Another Sun gleams there! another Moon!  
Another Light, – not Dusk, nor Dawn, nor Noon-  
Which they who once behold return no more;  
They have attained My rest, life's Utmost boon!

When, in this world of manifested life,  
The undying Spirit, setting forth from Me,  
Taketh on form, it draweth to itself  
From Being's storehouse, – which containeth all,-  
Senses and intellect. The Sovereign Soul  
Thus entering the flesh, or quitting it,  
Gathers these up, as the wind gathers scents,  
Blowing above the flower.-beds. Ear and Eye,  
And Touch and Taste, and Smelling, these it takes,-  
Yea, and a sentient mind; – linking itself  
To sense-things so.

The unenlightened ones  
Mark not that Spirit when he goes or comes,  
Nor when he takes his pleasure in the form,  
Conjoined with qualities; but those see plain  
Who have the eyes to see. Holy souls see  
Which strive thereto. Enlightened, they perceive  
That Spirit in themselves; but foolish ones,  
Even though they strive, discern not, having hearts  
Unkindled, ill-informed!

Know, too, from Me  
Shineth the gathered glory of the suns  
Which lighten all the world: from Me the moons  
Draw silvery beams, and fire fierce loveliness.  
I penetrate the clay, and lend all shapes  
Their living force; I glide into the plant-  
Root, leaf, and bloom – to make the woodlands green  
With springing sap. Becoming vital warmth,  
I glow in glad, respiring frames, and pass,  
With outward and with inward breath, to feed

The body by all meats.  
For in this world  
Being is twofold: the Divided, one;  
The Undivided, one. All things that live  
Are “the Divided.” That which sits apart,  
“The Undivided.”  
Higher still is He,  
The Highest, holding all, whose Name is LORD,  
The Eternal, Sovereign, First! Who fills all worlds,  
Sustaining them. And – dwelling thus beyond  
Divided Being and Undivided – I  
Am called of men and Vedas, Life Supreme,  
The PURUSHOTTAMA.  
Who knows Me thus,  
With mind unclouded, knoweth all, dear Prince!  
And with his whole soul ever worshipping Me.

Now is the sacred, secret Mystery  
Declared to thee! Who comprehendeth this  
Hath wisdom! He is quit of works in bliss!

## CHAPTER XVI

### Of the Separateness of the Divine and the Undivine

*Krishna:* Fearlessness, singleness of soul, the will  
Always to strive for wisdom; opened hand  
And governed appetites; and piety,  
And love of lonely study; humbleness,  
Uprightness, heed to injure nought which lives,  
Truthfulness, slowness unto wrath, a mind  
That lightly letteth go what others prize;  
And equanimity, and charity  
Which spieth no man's faults; and tenderness  
Towards all that suffer; a contented heart,  
Fluttered by no desires; a bearing mild,  
Modest, and grave, with manhood nobly mixed,  
With patience, fortitude, and purity;  
An unrevengeful spirit, never given  
To rate itself too high; – such be the signs,  
O Indian Prince! of him whose feet are set  
On that fair path which leads to heavenly birth!

Deceitfulness, and arrogance, and pride,  
Quickness to anger, harsh and evil speech,  
And ignorance, to its own darkness blind,-  
These be the signs, My Prince! of him whose birth  
Is fated for the regions of the vile.

The Heavenly Birth brings to deliverance,  
So should'st thou know! The birth with Asuras  
Brings into bondage. Be thou joyous, Prince!  
Whose lot is set apart for heavenly Birth.

Two stamps there are marked on all living men,  
Divine and Undivine; I spake to thee  
By what marks thou shouldst know the Heavenly Man,  
Hear from me now of the Unheavenly!

They comprehend not, the Unheavenly,  
How Souls go forth from Me; nor how they come

Back unto Me: nor is there Truth in these,  
Nor purity, nor rule of Life. “This world  
Hath not a Law, nor Order, nor a Lord,”  
So say they: “nor hath risen up by Cause  
Following on Cause, in perfect purposing,  
But is none other than a House of Lust.”  
And, this thing thinking, all those ruined ones-  
Of little wit, dark-minded – give themselves  
To evil deeds, the curses of their kind.  
Surrendered to desires insatiable,  
Full of deceitfulness, folly, and pride,  
In blindness cleaving to their errors, caught  
Into the sinful course, they trust this lie  
As it were true – this lie which leads to death-  
Finding in Pleasure all the good which is,  
And crying “Here it finisheth!”

Ensnared  
In nooses of a hundred idle hopes,  
Slaves to their passion and their wrath, they buy  
Wealth with base deeds, to glut hot appetites;  
“Thus much, to-day,” they say, “we gained! thereby  
Such and such wish of heart shall have its fill;  
And this is ours! and th’ other shall be ours!  
To-day we slew a foe, and we will slay  
Our other enemy to-morrow! Look!  
Are we not lords? Make we not goodly cheer?  
Is not our fortune famous, brave, and great?  
Rich are we, proudly born! What other men  
Live like to us? Kill, then, for sacrifice!  
Cast largesse, and be merry!” So they speak  
Darkened by ignorance; and so they fall-  
Tossed to and fro with projects, tricked, and bound  
In net of black delusion, lost in lusts-  
Down to foul Naraka. Conceited, fond,  
Stubborn and proud, dead-drunken with the wine  
Of wealth, and reckless, all their offerings

Have but a show of reverence, being not made  
In piety of ancient faith. Thus vowed  
To self-hood, force, insolence, feasting, wrath,  
These My blasphemers, in the forms they wear  
And in the forms they breed, my foemen are,  
Hateful and hating; cruel, evil, vile,  
Lowest and least of men, whom I cast down  
Again, and yet again, at end of lives,  
Into some devilish womb, whence – birth by birth-  
The devilish wombs re-spawn them, all beguiled;  
And, till they find and worship Me, sweet Prince!  
Tread they that Nether Road.

The Doors of Hell  
Are threefold, whereby men to ruin pass,-  
The door of Lust, the door of Wrath, the door  
Of Avarice. Let a man shun those three!  
He who shall turn aside from entering  
All those three gates of Narak, wendeth straight  
To find his peace, and comes to Swarga's gate.

## CHAPTER XVII

### Of Religion by the Threefold Kinds of Faith

*Arjuna:* If men forsake the holy ordinance,  
Heedless of Shastras, yet keep faith at heart  
And worship, what shall be the state of those,  
Great Krishna! Sattwan, Rajas, Tamas? Say!

*Krishna:* Threefold the faith is of mankind, and springs  
From those three qualities, – becoming “true,”  
Or “passion-stained,” or “dark,” as thou shalt hear!

The faith of each believer, Indian Prince!  
Conforms itself to what he truly is.  
Where thou shalt see a worshipper, that one  
To what he worships lives assimilate,  
[Such as the shrine, so is the votary,]  
The “soothfast” souls adore true gods; the souls  
Obeying Rajas worship Rakshasas  
Or Yakshas; and the men of Darkness pray  
To Pretas and to Bhutas. Yea, and those  
Who practise bitter penance, not enjoined  
By rightful rule – penance which hath its root  
In self-sufficient, proud hypocrisies-  
Those men, passion-beset, violent, wild,  
Torturing – the witless ones – My elements  
Shut in fair company within their flesh,  
(Nay, Me myself, present within the flesh!)  
Know them to devils devoted, not to Heaven!  
For like as foods are threefold for mankind  
In nourishing, so is there threefold way  
Of worship, abstinence, and almsgiving!  
Hear this of Me! there is a food which brings  
Force, substance, strength, and health, and joy to live,  
Being well-seasoned, cordial, comforting,  
The “Soothfast” meat. And there be foods which bring  
Aches and unrests, and burning blood, and grief  
Being too biting, heating, salt, and sharp,

And therefore craved by too strong appetite.  
And there is foul food – kept from over-night,  
Savourless, filthy, which the foul will eat,  
A feast of rottenness, meet for the lips  
Of such as love the “Darkness.”

Thus with rites;-  
A sacrifice not for rewardment made,  
Offered in rightful wise, when he who vows  
Sayeth, with heart devout, “This I should do!  
Is “Soothfast” rite. But sacrifice for gain,  
Offered for good repute, be sure that this,  
O Best of Bharatas! is Rajas-rite,  
With stamp of “passion.” And a sacrifice  
Offered against the laws, with no due dole  
Of food-giving, with no accompaniment  
Of hallowed hymn, nor largesse to the priests,  
In faithless celebration, call it vile,  
The deed of “Darkness!” – lost!  
Worship of gods  
Meriting worship; lowly reverence  
Of Twice-borns, Teachers, Elders; Purity,  
Rectitude, and the Brahmacharya’s vow,  
And not to injure any helpless thing,-  
These make a true religiousness of Act.

Words causing no man woe, words ever true,  
Gentle and pleasing words, and those ye say  
In murmured reading of a Sacred Writ,-  
These make the true religiousness of Speech.

Serenity of soul, benignity,  
Sway of the silent Spirit, constant stress  
To sanctify the Nature, – these things make  
Good rite, and true religiousness of Mind.

Such threefold faith, in highest piety  
Kept, with no hope of gain, by hearts devote  
Is perfect work of Sattwan, true belief.

Religion shown in act of proud display  
To win good entertainment, worship, fame,  
Such – say I – is of Rajas, rash and vain.

Religion followed by a witless will  
To torture self, or come at power to hurt  
Another, – 'tis of Tamas, dark and ill.

The gift lovingly given, when one shall say  
“Now must I gladly give!” when he who takes  
Can render nothing back; made in due place,  
Due time, and to a meet recipient,  
Is gift of Sattwan, fair and profitable.

The gift selfishly given, where to receive  
Is hoped again, or when some end is sought,  
Or where the gift is proffered with a grudge,  
This is of Rajas, stained with impulse, ill.

The gift churlishly flung, at evil time,  
In wrongful place, to base recipient,  
Made in disdain or harsh unkindliness,  
Is gift of Tamas, dark; it doth not bless!

## CHAPTER XVIII

### Of Religion by Deliverance and Renunciation

*Arjuna:* Fain would I better know, Thou Glorious One!  
The very truth – Heart’s Lord! – of Sannyas,  
Abstention; and Renunciation, Lord!  
Tyaga; and what separates these twain!

*Krishna:* The poets rightly teach that Sannyas  
Is the foregoing of all acts which spring  
Out of desire; and their wisest say  
Tyaga is renouncing fruit of acts.

There be among the saints some who have held  
All action sinful, and to be renounced;  
And some who answer, “Nay! the goodly acts-  
As worship, penance, alms – must be performed!”  
Hear now My sentence, Best of Bharatas!

‘Tis well set forth, O Chaser of thy Foes!  
Renunciation is of threefold form,  
And Worship, Penance, Alms, not to be stayed;  
Nay, to be gladly done; for all those three  
Are purifying waters for true souls!

Yet must be practised even those high works  
In yielding up attachment, and all fruit  
Produced by works. This is My judgment, Prince!  
This My insuperable and fixed decree!

Abstaining from a work by right prescribed  
Never is meet! So to abstain doth spring  
From “Darkness,” and Delusion teacheth it.  
Abstaining from a work grievous to flesh,  
When one saith “‘Tis displeasing!” this is null!  
Such an one acts from “passion;” nought of gain  
Wins his Renunciation! But, Arjun!  
Abstaining from attachment to the work,  
Abstaining from rewardment in the work,

While yet one doeth it full faithfully,  
Saying, “Tis right to do!” that is “true” act  
And abstinence! Who doeth duties so,  
Unvexed if his work fail, if it succeed  
Unflattered, in his own heart justified,  
Quit of debates and doubts, his is “true” act:  
For, being in the body, none may stand  
Wholly aloof from act; yet, who abstains  
From profit of his acts is abstinent.

The fruit of labours, in the fives to come,  
Is threefold for all men, – Desirable,  
And Undesirable, and mixed of both;  
But no fruit is at all where no work was.

Hear from me, Long-armed Lord! the makings five  
Which go to every act, in Sankhya taught  
As necessary. First the force; and then  
The agent; next, the various instruments;  
Fourth, the especial effort; fifth, the God.  
What work soever any mortal doth  
Of body, mind, or speech, evil or good,  
By these five doth he that. Which being thus,  
Whoso, for lack of knowledge, seeth himself  
As the sole actor, knoweth nought at all  
And seeth nought. Therefore, I say, if one-  
Holding aloof from self – with unstained mind  
Should slay all yonder host, being bid to slay,  
He doth not slay; he is not bound thereby!

Knowledge, the thing known, and the mind which knows,  
These make the threefold starting-ground of act.  
The act, the actor, and the instrument,  
These make the threefold total of the deed.  
But knowledge, agent, act, are differenced  
By three dividing qualities. Hear now  
Which be the qualities dividing them.

There is “true” Knowledge. Learn thou it is this:  
To see one changeless Life in all the Lives,  
And in the Separate, One Inseparable.

There is imperfect Knowledge: that which sees  
The separate existences apart,  
And, being separated, holds them real.

There is false Knowledge: that which blindly clings  
To one as if ’twere all, seeking no Cause,  
Deprived of light, narrow, and dull, and “dark.”

There is “right” Action: that which – being enjoined-  
Is wrought without attachment, passionlessly,  
For duty, not for love, nor hate, nor gain.

There is “vain” Action: that which men pursue  
Aching to satisfy desires, impelled  
By sense of self, with all-absorbing stress:  
This is of Rajas – passionate and vain.

There is “dark” Action: when one doth a thing  
Heedless of issues, heedless of the hurt  
Or wrong for others, heedless if he harm  
His own soul – ’tis of Tamas, black and bad!

There is the “rightful” doer. He who acts  
Free from self-seeking, humble, resolute,  
Steadfast, in good or evil hap the same,  
Content to do aright – he “truly” acts.

There is th’ “impassioned” doer. He that works  
From impulse, seeking profit, rude and bold  
To overcome, unchastened; slave by turns  
Of sorrow and of joy: of Rajas he!  
And there be evil doers; loose of heart,  
Low-minded, stubborn, fraudulent, remiss,  
Dull, slow, despondent – children of the “dark.”

Hear, too, of Intellect and Steadfastness  
The threefold separation, Conqueror-Prince!  
How these are set apart by Qualities.

Good is the Intellect which comprehends  
The coming forth and going back of life,  
What must be done, and what must not be done,  
What should be feared, and what should not be feared,  
What binds and what emancipates the soul:  
That is of Sattwan, Prince! of “soothfastness.”  
Marred is the Intellect which, knowing right  
And knowing wrong, and what is well to do  
And what must not be done, yet understands  
Nought with firm mind, nor as the calm truth is:  
This is of Rajas, Prince! and “passionate!”  
Evil is Intellect which, wrapped in gloom,  
Looks upon wrong as right, and sees all things  
Contrariwise of Truth. O Pritha’s Son!  
That is of Tamas, “dark” and desperate!

Good is the steadfastness whereby a man  
Masters his beats of heart, his very breath  
Of life, the action of his senses; fixed  
In never-shaken faith and piety:  
That is of Sattwan, Prince! “soothfast” and fair!  
Stained is the steadfastness whereby a man  
Holds to his duty, purpose, effort, end,  
For life’s sake, and the love of goods to gain,  
Arjuna! ’tis of Rajas, passion-stamped!  
Sad is the steadfastness wherewith the fool  
Cleaves to his sloth, his sorrow, and his fears,  
His folly and despair. This – Pritha’s Son!-  
Is born of Tamas, “dark” and miserable!

Hear further, Chief of Bharatas! from Me  
The threefold kinds of Pleasure which there be.

Good Pleasure is the pleasure that endures,  
Banishing pain for aye; bitter at first  
As poison to the soul, but afterward  
Sweet as the taste of Amrit. Drink of that!  
It springeth in the Spirit’s deep content.

And painful Pleasure springeth from the bond  
Between the senses and the sense-world. Sweet  
As Amrit is its first taste, but its last  
Bitter as poison. 'Tis of Rajas, Prince!  
And foul and "dark" the Pleasure is which springs  
From sloth and sin and foolishness; at first  
And at the last, and all the way of life  
The soul bewildering. 'Tis of Tamas, Prince!

For nothing lives on earth, nor 'midst the gods  
In utmost heaven, but hath its being bound  
With these three Qualities, by Nature framed.

The work of Brahmans, Kshatriyas, Vaisyas,  
And Sudras, O thou Slayer of thy Foes!  
Is fixed by reason of the Qualities  
Planted in each:

A Brahman's virtues, Prince  
Born of his nature, are serenity,  
Self-mastery, religion, purity,  
Patience, uprightness, learning, and to know  
The truth of things which be. A Kshatriya's pride,  
Born of his nature, lives in valour, fire,  
Constancy, skilfulness, spirit in fight,  
And open-handedness and noble mien,  
As of a lord of men. A Vaisya's task,  
Born with his nature, is to till the ground,  
Tend cattle, venture trade. A Sudra's state,  
Suiting his nature, is to minister.

Whoso performeth – diligent, content-  
The work allotted him, whate'er it be,  
Lays hold of perfectness! Hear how a man  
Findeth perfection, being so content:  
He findeth it through worship – wrought by work-  
Of HIM that is the Source of all which lives,  
Of HIM by Whom the universe was stretched.

Better thine own work is, though done with fault,  
Than doing others' work, ev'n excellently.  
He shall not fall in sin who fronts the task  
Set him by Nature's hand! Let no man leave  
His natural duty, Prince! though it bear blame!  
For every work hath blame, as every flame  
Is wrapped in smoke! Only that man attains  
Perfect surcease of work whose work was wrought  
With mind unfettered, soul wholly subdued,  
Desires for ever dead, results renounced.

Learn from me, Son of Kunti! also this,  
How one, attaining perfect peace, attains  
BRAHM, the supreme, the highest height of all!

Devoted – with a heart grown pure, restrained  
In lordly self-control, forgoing wiles  
Of song and senses, freed from love and hate,  
Dwelling 'mid solitudes, in diet spare,  
With body, speech, and will tamed to obey,  
Ever to holy meditation vowed,  
From passions liberate, quit of the Self,  
Of arrogance, impatience, anger, pride;  
Freed from surroundings, quiet, lacking nought-  
Such an one grows to oneness with the BRAHM;  
Such an one, growing one with BRAHM, serene,  
Sorrows no more, desires no more; his soul,  
Equally loving all that lives, loves well  
Me, Who have made them, and attains to Me.  
By this same love and worship doth he know  
Me as I am, how high and wonderful,  
And knowing, straightway enters into Me.  
And whatsoever deeds he doeth – fixed  
In Me, as in his refuge – he hath won  
For ever and for ever by My grace  
Th' Eternal Rest! So win thou! In thy thoughts  
Do all thou dost for Me! Renounce for Me!  
Sacrifice heart and mind and will to Me!

Live in the faith of Me! In faith of Me  
All dangers thou shalt vanquish, by My grace;  
But, trusting to thyself and heeding not,  
Thou can'st but perish! If this day thou say'st,  
Relying on thyself, "I will not fight!"  
Vain will the purpose prove! thy qualities  
Would spur thee to the war. What thou dost shun,  
Misled by fair illusions, thou wouldst seek  
Against thy will, when the task comes to thee  
Waking the promptings in thy nature set.  
There lives a Master in the hearts of men  
Maketh their deeds, by subtle pulling-strings,  
Dance to what tune HE will. With all thy soul  
Trust Him, and take Him for thy succour, Prince!  
So – only so, Arjuna! – shalt thou gain-  
By grace of Him – the uttermost repose,  
The Eternal Place!  
Thus hath been opened thee  
This Truth of Truths, the Mystery more hid  
Than any secret mystery. Meditate!  
And – as thou wilt – then act!

Nay! but once more  
Take My last word, My utmost meaning have!  
Precious thou art to Me; right well-beloved!  
Listen! tell thee for thy comfort this.  
Give Me thy heart! adore Me! serve Me! cling  
In faith and love and reverence to Me!  
So shalt thou come to Me! I promise true,  
For thou art sweet to Me!  
And let go those-  
Rites and writ duties! Fly to Me alone!  
Make Me thy single refuge! will free  
Thy soul from all its sins! Be of good cheer!

[Hide, the holy Krishna saith,  
This from him that hath no faith,  
Him that worships not, nor seeks

Wisdom's teaching when she speaks:  
Hide it from all men who mock;  
But, wherever, 'mid the flock  
Of My lovers, one shall teach  
This divinest, wisest, speech-  
Teaching in the faith to bring  
Truth to them, and offering  
Of all honour unto Me-  
Unto Brahma cometh he!  
Nay, and nowhere shall ye find  
Any man of all mankind  
Doing dearer deed for Me;  
Nor shall any dearer be  
In My earth. Yea, furthermore,  
Whoso reads this converse o'er,  
Held by Us upon the plain,  
Pondering piously and fain,  
He hath paid Me sacrifice!  
(Krishna speaketh in this wise!)  
Yea, and whoso, full of faith,  
Heareth wisely what it saith,  
Heareth meekly, – when he dies,  
Surely shall his spirit rise  
To those regions where the Blest,  
Free of flesh, in joyance rest.]

Hath this been heard by thee, O Indian Prince!  
With mind intent? hath all the ignorance-  
Which bred thy trouble – vanished, My Arjun?

*Arjuna:* Trouble and ignorance are gone! the Light  
Hath come unto me, by Thy favour, Lord!  
Now am I fixed! my doubt is fled away!  
According to Thy word, so will I do!

*Sanjaya:* Thus gathered I the gracious speech of Krishna, O my  
King!  
Thus have I told, with heart a-thrill, this wise and wondrous thing

By great Vyasa's learning writ, how Krishna's self made known  
The Yoga, being Yoga's Lord. So is the high truth shown!  
And aye, when I remember, O Lord my King, again  
Arjuna and the God in talk, and all this holy strain,  
Great is my gladness: when I muse that splendour, passing speech,  
Of Hari, visible and plain, there is no tongue to reach  
My marvel and my love and bliss. O Archer-Prince! all hail!  
O Krishna, Lord of Yoga! surely there shall not fail  
Blessing, and victory, and power, for Thy most mighty sake,  
Where this song comes of Arjun, and how with God he spake.

**Here Ends The Bhagavad Gita**